

## State: Jharkhand

### Agriculture Contingency Plan for District: Koderma

<b>1.0 District Agriculture profile</b>				
<b>1.1</b>	<b>Agro-Climatic/Ecological Zone</b>			
	Agro Ecological Sub Region (ICAR)	Northern Plain, Hot Subhumid (Dry) Eco-Region (9.2)		
	Agro-Climatic Zone (Planning Commission)	Eastern Plateau And Hills Region (VII)		
	Agro Climatic Zone (NARP)	South Bihar Alluvial Plain Zone (BI-3)		
	List all the districts falling under the NARP Zone* (*>50% area falling in the zone)	Bokaro, Chatra, Deogarh, Dhanbagh, Giridih, Godda, Hazaribagh, Jamtara, Khunthi		
	Geographic coordinates of district headquarters	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude
		23.29 <sup>0</sup>	86.09 <sup>0</sup>	210
	Name and address of the concerned ZRS/ ZARS/ RARS/ RRS/ RRTTS	Zonal Research Station (ZRS), Dumka, Birsa Agricultural University, Ranchi		
	Mention the KVK located in the district with address	Krishi Vigyan Kendra, Jainagar, Distt. Koderma-825324		
	Name and address of the nearest Agromet Field Unit (AMFU, IMD) for agro-advisories in the Zone	Birsa Agricultural University, Ranchi		

1.2	Rainfall	Normal RF (mm)	Normal Rainy days (number)	Normal Onset (specify week and month)	Normal Cessation (specify week and month)
	SW monsoon (June-Sep)	956		3 <sup>rd</sup> week of June	3 <sup>rd</sup> week of September
	NE Monsoon(Oct-Dec)	88			
	Winter (Jan- Feb)	24		-	-
	Summer (Mar-May)	67		-	-
	Annual	1135		-	-

1.3	Land use pattern of the district (latest statistics)	Geographical area	Cultivable area	Forest area	Land under non-agricultural use	Permanent pastures	Cultivable wasteland	Land under Misc. tree crops and groves	Barren and uncultivable land	Current fallows	Other fallows
	Area ('000 ha)	132	18.4	53.8	14.7	-	-	-	-	-	12.4

1.4	Major Soils	Area ('000 ha)	Percent (%) of total
	Red lateritic solis (Ultic Paleustalfs)		
	Loam soils (Haplustalfs)		
	Fine Loam (Rhodustlafs) solis		
	Fine mixed Loam (Paleustalfs) soils		

1.5	Agricultural land use	Area ('000 ha)	Cropping intensity %
	Net sown area	18.4	121%
	Area sown more than once	3.9	
	Gross cropped area	22.3	

1.6	Irrigation	Area ('000 ha)

Net irrigated area	1.9		
Gross irrigated area			
Rainfed area			
<b>Sources of Irrigation</b>	Number	Area ('000 ha)	Percentage of total irrigated area
Canals		0.1	
Tanks		0.2	
Open wells		0.8	
Bore wells			
Lift irrigation schemes			
Micro-irrigation			
Other sources (Check Dam)		0.7	
Total Irrigated Area			
Pump sets			
No. of Tractors			
<b>Groundwater availability and use* (Data source: State/Central Ground water Department /Board)</b>	No. of blocks/ Tehsils	(%) area	Quality of water
Over exploited			
Critical			
Semi- critical			
Safe			
Wastewater availability and use			
Ground water quality			
*over-exploited: groundwater utilization > 100%; critical: 90-100%; semi-critical: 70-90%; safe: <70%			

### 1.7 Area under major field crops & horticulture (as per latest figures)

1.7	Major field crops cultivated	Area ('000 ha)							
		<i>Kharif</i>			<i>Rabi</i>			Summer	Grand total
		Irrigated	Rainfed	Total	Irrigated	Rainfed	Total		
	Rice			4.8					4.8
	Maize			3.5		0.4			3.9
	Pigeonpea			2.5					2.5
	Blackgram			1.2					1.2
	Greengram			0.1					0.1
	Wheat					3			3

Chick pea						0.9		0.9
Pea						1.04		1.04
Lentil						1.01		1.01

<b>Horticulture crops - Vegetables</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>Irrigated</b>	<b>Rainfed</b>
Cauliflower	1.1		
Cabbage	1.0		
Tomato	0.09		
Brinjal	0.4		
Chilli	0.07		
Ladies finger	0.6		
Bottle gourd	0.35		
Bitter gourd	0.6		
Cucumber	0.7		
Ridge gourd	0.3		
Sponge gourd	0.4		
French bean	0.		
<b>Medicinal and Aromatic crops</b>			
<b>Plantation crops</b>			
<b>Fodder crops</b>			
<b>Total fodder crop area</b>			
<b>Grazing land</b>			
<b>Sericulture etc</b>			

<b>1.8</b>	<b>Livestock</b>	<b>Male ('000)</b>	<b>Female ('000)</b>	<b>Total ('000)</b>
	Non descriptive Cattle (local low yielding)			144.7
	Improved cattle			
	Crossbred cattle			
	Non descriptive Buffaloes (local low yielding)			
	Descript Buffaloes			37
	Goat			90.9
	Sheep			0.7
	Others (Camel, Pig, Yak etc.)			6.2
	Duckery			
	Commercial dairy farms (Number)			
<b>1.9</b>	<b>Poultry</b>	<b>No. of farms</b>	<b>Total No. of birds ('000)</b>	

	Commercial								
	Backyard							95.9	
<b>1.10</b>	<b>Fisheries</b> (Data source: Chief Planning Officer)								
	<b>A. Capture</b>								
	i) <b>Marine</b> (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	<b>No. of fishermen</b>	<b>Boats</b>		<b>Nets</b>		<b>Storage facilities (Ice plants etc.)</b>		
			Mechanized	Non-mechanized	Mechanized (Trawl nets, Gill nets)	Non-mechanized (Shore Seines, Stake & trap nets)			
	ii) <b>Inland</b> (Data Source: Fisheries Department)	<b>No. Farmer owned ponds</b>		<b>No. of Reservoirs</b>		<b>No. of village tanks</b>			
	<b>B. Culture</b>								
					<b>Water Spread Area (ha)</b>	<b>Yield (t/ha)</b>	<b>Production ('000 tons)</b>		
	i) <b>Brackish water</b> (Data Source: MPEDA/ Fisheries Department)								
	ii) <b>Fresh water</b> (Data Source: Fisheries Department)								

### 1.11 Production and Productivity of major crops

1.11	Name of crop	<b>Kharif</b>		<b>Rabi</b>		<b>Summer</b>		<b>Total</b>		Crop residue as fodder ('000 tons)
		Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	Production ('000 t)	Productivity (kg/ha)	
<b>Major Field crops (Crops identified based on total acreage)</b>										
	Rice	6.6	1380					6.6	1380	
	Maize	4.9	1400	0.347	1640			5.3	1520	

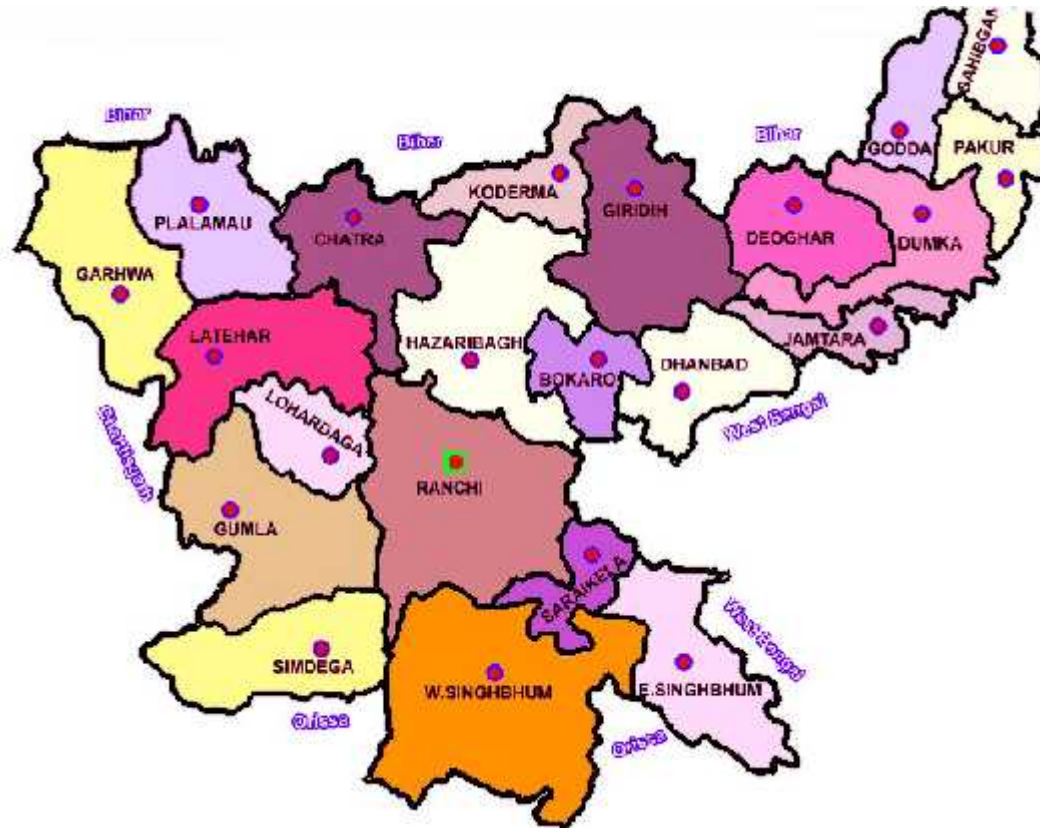
	Pigeonpea	1.5	600					1.5	600	
	Blackgram	0.4	350					0.4	350	
	Greengram							6.6	1380	
	Wheat			4.9	1650			4.9	1650	
	Chick pea			0.9	1000			0.9	1000	
	Pea			0.8	700			0.8	700	
	Lentil			0.4	350			0.4	350	
<b>Major Horticultural crops (Crops identified based on total acreage)</b>										
	Cauliflower	21.3	0.1					21.3	0.1	
	Cabbage	17.3	0.2					17.3	0.2	
	Tomato	18.8	0.21					18.8	0.21	
	Brinjal	15.8	0.2					15.8	0.2	
	Chilli	0.4	0.08					0.4	0.08	
	Ladies finger	5.7	0.1					5.7	0.1	
	Bottle gourd	67	0.1					67	0.1	
	Bitter gourd	79.3	0.1					79.3	0.1	
	Cucumber	16.4	0.1					16.4	0.1	
	Ridge gourd	35.1	0.1					35.1	0.1	
	Sponge gourd	4.4	0.1					4.4	0.1	
	French bean	14.3	0.9					14.3	0.9	

1.12	Sowing window for 5 major field crops	Rice	Blackgram	Pigeon pea	Maize	Wheat
	Kharif- Rainfed	4 <sup>th</sup> week of June to 4 <sup>th</sup> week of July	3 <sup>rd</sup> week of June to 4 <sup>th</sup> week of June	3 <sup>rd</sup> week of June to 2 <sup>nd</sup> week of July	3 <sup>rd</sup> week of June to 4 <sup>th</sup> week of July	
	Kharif-Irrigated	2 <sup>nd</sup> week of June to 3 <sup>rd</sup> week of June				
	Rabi-Rainfed					3 <sup>rd</sup> week of October to 4 <sup>th</sup> week of October
	Rabi-Irrigated					3 <sup>rd</sup> week of November to 4 <sup>th</sup> week of December

1.13	What is the major contingency the district is prone to? (Tick mark)	Regular	Occasional	None
	Drought	✓		
	Flood			✓
	Cyclone			✓
	Hail storm			✓
	Heat wave		✓	
	Cold wave		✓	
	Frost		✓	
	Sea water intrusion			✓
	Pests and disease outbreak		✓	

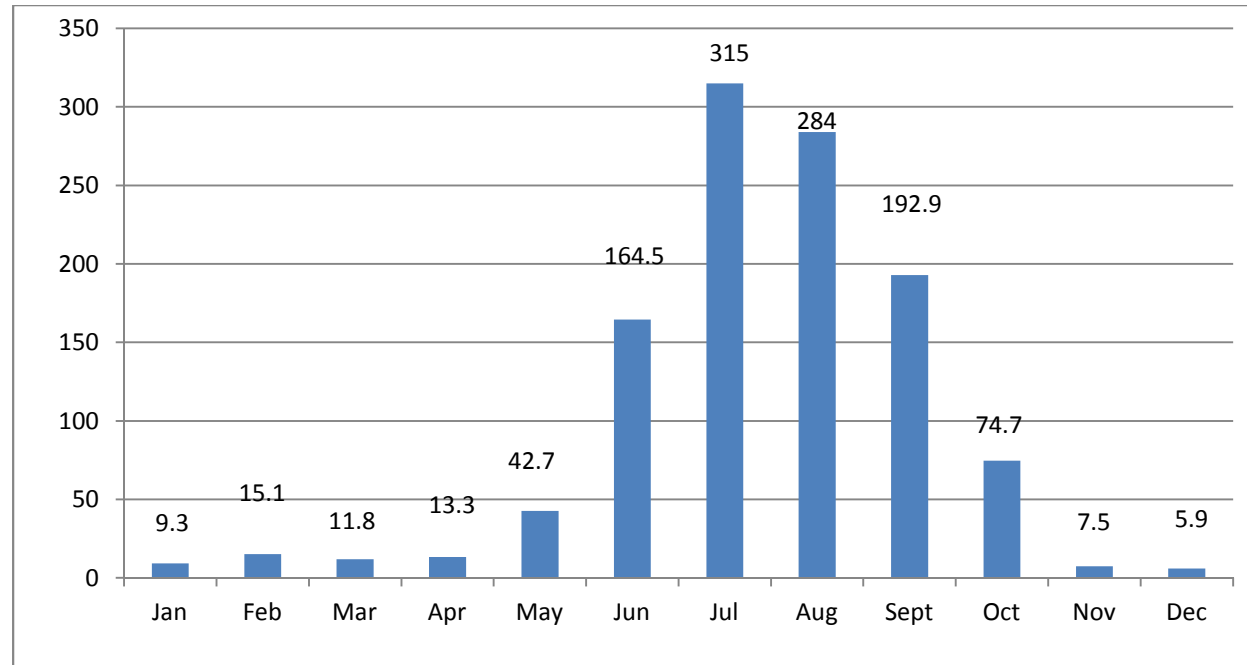
1.14	Include Digital maps of the district for		
		Location map of district within State as Annexure I	Enclosed: Yes
		Mean annual rainfall as Annexure II	Enclosed: Yes
		Soil map as Annexure III	Enclosed: Yes

Annexure I



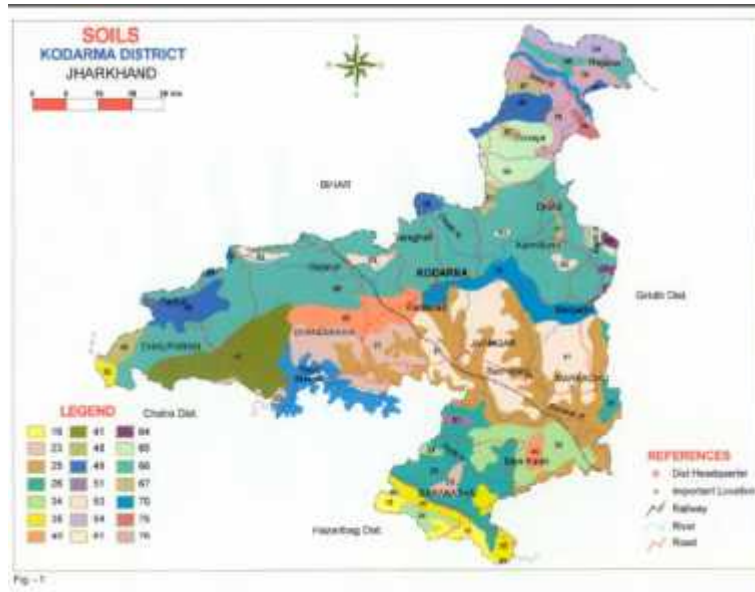


## Annexure II



Mean annual rainfall (mm)

### Annexure III



#### Legend Information:-

- 16-Very deep, imperfectly drained fine soils
- 23-Very deep, moderately well drained fine loamy soils
- 25-Very deep, imperfectly drained, fine soils
- 26- Deep, Well Drained, Fine Soils.
- 34- Very deep, well drained, fine loamy soils with severe erosion
- 35- shallow, well drained, gravelly loamy soils
- 40- Deep, moderately well drained, undulating, fine loamy soils
- 41- Very deep, well drained, coarse loam soils
- 48-Shallow excessively drained gravelly loam soils.
- 49- Deep, well drained, fine loamy soils
- 51-Very deep well drained fine loamy soils
- 53- Deep, moderately well drained, fine loamy soils
- 54- Shallow moderately well drained loamy soils
- 61-Deep moderately well drained fine soils
- 64- Shallow well drained loamy soils
- 65- Shallow well drained loamy soils
- 66- Deep well drained gravelly loamy soils
- 67-Very deep well drained coarse loamy soils
- 70-Very deep well drained fine loamy soils
- 75- Very deep moderately well drained fine soils
- 76- Deep moderately well drained fine loamy soils

Source: SAMETI, Jharkhand

## 2.0 Strategies for weather related contingencies

### 2.1 Drought

#### 2.1.1 Rainfed situation

Condition	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop / Cropping system	Suggested Contingency measures		
			Change in crop / cropping system including variety	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Early season drought (delayed onset) Delay by 2 weeks 1 <sup>st</sup> week of July	UPLAND  Sandy lateritic soils	Pigeonpea, Groundnut, Upland Rice, Maize  Pigeonpea+ Groundnut  Pigeonpea + Maize  Vegetables- Brinjal, tomato, sponge gourd	Pigeonpea, Groundnut, Maize, upland Rice, Black gram  Pigeonpea + Blackgram Pigeonpea + Upland Rice  Vegetables- Brinjal, tomato, sponge gourd, cucurbits, cow pea, bean	Wider spacing (90x25 cm) for pigeonpea	

Condition	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Suggested Contingency measures		
			Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Early season drought (delayed onset) Delay by 4 weeks  3 <sup>rd</sup> week of July	Sandy lateritic soils	Pigeonpea, Groundnut, Upland Rice, Blackgram, Greengram  Vegetables- Brinjal, Tomato, Sponge gourd	Pigeonpea, Groundnut, Upland Rice, Blackgram, Greengram  Pigeonpea + Bhendi Maize + Beans  Vegetables- Brinjal, Tomato, Sponge gourd, Cucurbits, Cow pea, Bean, Bhendi, chilli	Intercropping in standing crop like Maize, Pigeonpea	

Condition	Major Farming situation	Normal Crop/cropping system	Suggested Contingency measures		
			Change in crop/cropping system	Agronomic measures	Remarks on Implementation
Early season drought					

<b>(delayed onset)</b>					
Delay by 6 weeks  1 <sup>st</sup> week of August	Sandy lateritic acidic soils	Sweet potato  French bean, Bhendi, Tomato, Brinjal	Sweet potato Blackgram, Niger, Horsegram Finger millet  French bean, Bhendi, Tomato, Brinjal, Chilli, Cowpea		

<b>Condition</b>			<b>Suggested Contingency measures</b>		
<b>Early season drought (delayed onset)</b>	<b>Major Farming situation</b>	<b>Normal Crop/cropping system</b>	<b>Change in crop/cropping system</b>	<b>Agronomic measures</b>	<b>Remarks on Implementation</b>
Delay by 8 weeks  3 <sup>rd</sup> week of August	Sandy lateritic soils	Niger, Horsegram	Continue Niger & Horse Gram, Toria		

<b>Condition</b>			<b>Suggested Contingency measures</b>		
<b>Early season drought (delayed onset)</b>	<b>Major Farming situation</b>	<b>Normal Crop / Cropping system</b>	<b>Change in crop / cropping system including variety</b>	<b>Agronomic measures</b>	<b>Remarks on Implementation</b>
Delay by 2 weeks 1 <sup>st</sup> week of July	MID LAND  Sandy loam soils	Rice	Rice (Var- 64449)		

<b>Condition</b>			<b>Suggested Contingency measures</b>		
<b>Early season drought (delayed onset)</b>	<b>Major Farming situation</b>	<b>Normal Crop/cropping system</b>	<b>Change in crop/cropping system</b>	<b>Agronomic measures</b>	<b>Remarks on Implementation<sup>e</sup></b>
Delay by 4 weeks  3 <sup>rd</sup> week of July	Sandy loam soils	Rice	Rice (Var- IR- 64, Lalat, Navin, Hybrid- 6444)	Nursery raising by wet method Sowing may be sown behind the plough with 50-60 kg seed/ha (direct dry method of sowing)	Promotion of SRI technique through RKVY

Condition	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Suggested Contingency measures		
			Change in crop/cropping system <sup>c</sup>	Agronomic measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Change in crop/cropping system <sup>c</sup>	Agronomic measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Delay by 6 weeks  1 <sup>st</sup> week of August	Sandy soils	Rice	Rice (Anjali, Bandana, Abhisekh, Birsa Vikas Dhan-9 &10)		

Condition	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Suggested Contingency measures		
			Change in crop/cropping system <sup>c</sup>	Agronomic measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Change in crop/cropping system <sup>c</sup>	Agronomic measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Delay by 8 weeks  3 <sup>rd</sup> week of August	Sandy loam soils	Transplanting of Rice	Rice	Transplanting with 5-6 seedling/hill if age of seedlings more than 30 days	

Condition	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop / Cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Suggested Contingency measures		
			Change in crop / cropping system <sup>c</sup> including variety	Agronomic measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop / Cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Change in crop / cropping system <sup>c</sup> including variety	Agronomic measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Delay by 2 weeks 1 <sup>st</sup> week of July	LOW LAND  Sandy clay loam soils	Rice	Rice (Var- MTU- 7029, BPT- 5204, Rajendra mansuri), Dapog method of seedling		

Condition	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Suggested Contingency measures		
			Change in crop/cropping system <sup>c</sup>	Agronomic measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Early season drought (delayed onset)	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Change in crop/cropping system <sup>c</sup>	Agronomic measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Delay by 4 weeks  3 <sup>rd</sup> week of July	Sandy clay loam soils	Rice	Rice (Lalat, Navin, Arize -6444)		

Condition	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Suggested Contingency measures		
			Change in crop/cropping system <sup>c</sup>	Agronomic measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Early season drought (delayed onset)					
Delay by 6 weeks 1 <sup>st</sup> week of August	Sandy clay loam soils	Transplanting of Rice	Transplanting of lowland Varieties		

Condition	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Suggested Contingency measures		
			Change in crop/cropping system <sup>c</sup>	Agronomic measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Early season drought (delayed onset)					
Delay by 8 weeks 3 <sup>rd</sup> week of August	Sandy clay loam soils	Rice	Rice	Reduce fertilizer dose by 20 % (80:40:20 Kg) NPK/ha Increase no. of seedling (5-6/hill) Transplanting at closer spacing of 15x10 cm	

Condition	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Suggested Contingency measures		
			Crop management <sup>c</sup>	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Early season drought (Normal onset)					
Normal onset followed by 15-20 days dry spell after sowing leading to poor germination/crop stand etc.	Sandy red lateritic soils  UP LAND	Upland Rice, Maize, Cow pea, Maize + Pigeonpea Groundnut+ Pigeonpea Bhendi + Maize Vegetables	1. Inter culturing in standing crop with thinning & gap filling 2. Re sowing of Pigeonpea (UPAS- 120, Asha, ICPL- 87109) Maize( Suwan- 1, HQPM-1 BVM-2, Kanchan) Groundnut (TG-22, Birsa GN-2) Re sowing of Brinjal, Tomato	Intercultivation	

			, Cucurbits		
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Condition	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Suggested Contingency measures		
			Crop management <sup>c</sup>	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm) period)					
At vegetative stage	Sandy red lateritic soils	Upland Rice, Maize, Cow pea, Maize + Pigeonpea, Groundnut+ Pigeonpea, Bhendi + Maize, Vegetables	1. Interculturing in standing crop with thinning & gap filling 2. Life saving irrigation to vegetable crops		Rain water harvesting structure should be made through watershed programme/MNREGA

Condition	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Suggested Contingency measures		
			Crop management <sup>c</sup>	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measures <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Mid season drought (long dry spell)					

At flowering/ fruiting stage	Sandy red lateritic soils	Upland Rice, Maize, Cow pea, Maize + Pigeonpea Groundnut+ Pigeonpea Bhendi + Maize Vegetables	1. Interculture in standing crop with thinning & gap filling 2. Life saving irrigation to vegetable crops		Rain water harvesting structure should made through watershed programme
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<b>Condition</b>			<b>Suggested Contingency measures</b>		
<b>Terminal drought</b> (Early withdrawal of monsoon)	<b>Major Farming situation<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Normal Crop/cropping system<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>Crop management<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>Rabi Crop planning<sup>d</sup></b>	<b>Remarks on Implementation<sup>e</sup></b>
	Sandy loam soils	Upland Rice, Maize, Cow pea, Maize + Pigeonpea Groundnut+ Pigeonpea Bhendi + Maize Vegetables	1. Life saving irrigation of vegetables 2. Upland Rice harvested for straw purpose 3. Harvesting of groundnut at physiological maturity stage	Toria, Early cultivation of potato	

<b>Condition</b>			<b>Suggested Contingency measures</b>		
<b>Early season drought (Normal onset)</b>	<b>Major Farming situation<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Normal Crop/cropping system<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>Crop management<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>Soil nutrient &amp; moisture conservation measures<sup>d</sup></b>	<b>Remarks on Implementation<sup>e</sup></b>



Normal onset followed by 15-20 days dry spell after sowing leading to poor germination/crop stand etc.	Sandy loam soils MID LAND	Rice	Life saving irrigation	Weeding, split, application of Nitrogen	
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Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
<b>Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (&gt;2.5 mm) period)</b>	<b>Major Farming situation<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Normal Crop/cropping system<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>Crop management<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>Soil nutrient &amp; moisture conservation measures<sup>d</sup></b>	<b>Remarks on Implementation<sup>e</sup></b>
At vegetative stage	Sandy loam soils	Rice	Life saving irrigation	Weeding, Foliar spray of Urea	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
<b>Mid season drought (long dry spell)</b>	<b>Major Farming situation<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Normal Crop/cropping system<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>Crop management<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>Soil nutrient &amp; moisture conservation measures<sup>d</sup></b>	<b>Remarks on Implementation<sup>e</sup></b>
At flowering/ fruiting stage	Sandy loam soils	Rice	Life saving irrigation	Weeding	

Condition			Suggested Contingency measures		
<b>Terminal drought (Early withdrawal of monsoon)</b>	<b>Major Farming situation<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Normal Crop/cropping system<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>Crop management<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>Rabi Crop planning<sup>d</sup></b>	<b>Remarks on Implementation<sup>e</sup></b>

	Sandy loam soils	Rice	Life saving irrigation	Sowing of Toria, Chick pea (P- 256,PL- 406) Lentil, Mustard , (Shicani, Pusa Agrani) Linseed (Shubhra, T- 397)	
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<b>Condition</b>			<b>Suggested Contingency measures</b>		
Early season drought (Normal onset)	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Crop management <sup>c</sup>	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measues <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
Normal onset followed by 15-20 days dry spell after sowing leading to poor germination/crop stand etc.	LOW LAND  Sandy clay loam soils	Rice	Resowing of Rice with MTU- 7029, BPT- 5204, Rajendra, Hybrid- Arize- 6444		Ponds, check dam through water shed management & MNREGA scheme

<b>Condition</b>			<b>Suggested Contingency measures</b>		
Mid season drought (long dry spell, consecutive 2 weeks rainless (>2.5 mm) period)	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Crop management <sup>c</sup>	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measues <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>
At vegetative stage	Sandy clay loam soils	Rice	Life saving irrigation	Weeding, foliar spray of Urea	Ponds, check dam through water shed management & MNREGA scheme

<b>Condition</b>			<b>Suggested Contingency measures</b>		
Mid season drought (long dry spell)	Major Farming situation <sup>a</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>b</sup>	Crop management <sup>c</sup>	Soil nutrient & moisture conservation measues <sup>d</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>e</sup>

At flowering/ fruiting stage	Sandy clay loam soils	Rice	Life saving irrigation	Weeding, foliar spray of Urea	
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<b>Condition</b>			<b>Suggested Contingency measures</b>		
<b>Terminal drought</b> (Early withdrawal of monsoon)	<b>Major Farming situation<sup>a</sup></b>	<b>Normal Crop/cropping system<sup>b</sup></b>	<b>Crop management<sup>c</sup></b>	<b>Rabi Crop planning<sup>d</sup></b>	<b>Remarks on Implementation<sup>e</sup></b>
	Sandy clay loam soils	Rice	Life saving irrigation, Harvest at physiological maturity	Early sowing of wheat, Mustard, Chick pea,  Intercropping of Wheat+ Mustard	

### 2.1.2 Drought - Irrigated situation

<b>Condition</b>			<b>Suggested Contingency measures</b>		
	<b>Major Farming situation<sup>f</sup></b>	<b>Normal Crop/cropping system<sup>g</sup></b>	<b>Change in crop/cropping system<sup>h</sup></b>	<b>Agronomic measures<sup>i</sup></b>	<b>Remarks on Implementatio n<sup>j</sup></b>
Limited release of water in canals due to low rainfall					

<b>Condition</b>			<b>Suggested Contingency measures</b>		
	<b>Major Farming situation<sup>f</sup></b>	<b>Normal Crop/cropping system<sup>g</sup></b>	<b>Change in crop/cropping system<sup>h</sup></b>	<b>Agronomic measures<sup>i</sup></b>	<b>Remarks on Implementati on<sup>j</sup></b>
Non release of water in canals under delayed onset of monsoon in catchment					

Condition	Suggested Contingency measures				
	Major Farming situation <sup>f</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>g</sup>	Change in crop/cropping system <sup>h</sup>	Agronomic measures <sup>i</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>j</sup>
Lack of inflows into tanks due to insufficient /delayed onset of monsoon					

Condition	Suggested Contingency measures				
	Major Farming situation <sup>f</sup>	Normal Crop/cropping system <sup>g</sup>	Change in crop/cropping system <sup>h</sup>	Agronomic measures <sup>i</sup>	Remarks on Implementation <sup>j</sup>
Insufficient groundwater recharge due to low rainfall					

## 2.2 Unusual rains (untimely, unseasonal etc) (for both rainfed and irrigated situations)

Condition	Suggested contingency measure			
	Vegetative stage	Flowering stage	Crop maturity stage	Post harvest
<b>Continuous high rainfall in a short span leading to water logging</b>				
Pigeonpea	Ridge making	Provide drainage		
Blackgram	Ridge making	Provide drainage		
Rice	Bund making	Provide drainage	Provide drainage	
<b>Horticulture</b>				
Cucurbits	Staking	Provide drainage	Provide drainage	
Vegetables	Sowing on ridge			
<b>Outbreak of pests and diseases due to unseasonal rains</b>				
Pulses	Leaf hoper/caterpillar Control- Monocrotophos @ 1 ml/lit			

Maize	Stem borer Control- Phorate 10G@ 20 kg/ha	Sheath blight Control- Hexaconazole 1.0 lit in 500 lit water/ha		
Rice		Blast diseases Control- Tricyclazole (0.05 %)	False Smut Control- Propiconazole 0.1 % or Copper oxy chloride -50 (2 kg/ha)	
Bhendi		YVM Control- Carbofuran 3G @ 3 gm/m <sup>2</sup>		
French bean	Rust disease Control- Mancozeb 2.5 kg/ ha			

### 2.3 Floods

Condition	Suggested contingency measure <sup>o</sup>			
	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest
Transient water logging/ partial inundation <sup>1</sup>				
Continuous submergence for more than 2 days <sup>2</sup>		Not Applicable		
Sea water intrusion <sup>3</sup>				

### 2.4 Extreme events: Heat wave / Cold wave/Frost/ Hailstorm /Cyclone

Extreme event type	Suggested contingency measure			
	Seedling / nursery stage	Vegetative stage	Reproductive stage	At harvest
Hailstorm	Not applicable			
Heat Wave				
Wheat	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation	Life saving irrigation (Terminal heat)	
Cold wave				

Wheat	Irrigation Balanced fertilizer application Foliar spray of nutrients	Light irrigation Mulching with crop residue \ weeds Fertilizer application	Irrigation, fertilizer application	
Vegetables	Raising of seedling in Poly house, re sowing if damaged	Light irrigation Mulching with crop residue \ weeds Disease and pest control, care for chilling injury or replanting	Quick harvesting	Grading, quick disposal for marketing
Pigeonpea		Light irrigation Mulching with crop residue \ weeds		
<b>Frost</b>				
Wheat		Light irrigation Mulching with crop residue \ weeds		
Pigeonpea	Exposure of crop to smoke by burning waste material during night time	Exposure of crop to smoke by burning waste material during night time Light sprinkler irrigation	Exposure of crop to smoke by burning waste material during night time Light sprinkler irrigation	Exposure of crop to smoke by burning waste material during night time
Tomato & Potato		Earth up to 15cm ht. Irrigation Intercultivation, Mulching with weeds		Harvest in dry weather
Horticultural crops (fruit crops)	Light frequent irrigation may be practiced wherever irrigation facilities are available, mulching, thatching and creating smoke screens and lighting of fire is also practiced where irrigation facilities are not available			
<b>Cyclone</b>	Not applicable			

## 2.5 Contingent strategies for Livestock, Poultry & Fisheries

### 2.5.1 Livestock

	Suggested contingency measures		
	Before the event <sup>s</sup>	During the event	After the event
<b>Drought</b>			
Feed and fodder availability	Preservation of surplus fodder, encourage fodder cultivation and tree plantation and also encourage supply of molasses to cattle feed plants.	Arrangement of feeds and fodder from adjoining areas, exploitation of non conventional feed resources, use of urea treated straw and feed blocks.	Promotion of fodder seed production, cultivation and storage, establishment of fodder block making machines in fodder surplus areas.
Drinking water	Repairs of tube wells, clear off the sludge in the canals and local water catchments and clean the water tanks, large ponds and lakes	Harnessing water through the existing reservoirs and exploitation of groundwater.	To strengthen reservoirs by promoting recharging of water and rain water harvesting during rainy season.
Health and disease management	Mass vaccination and deworming	Provide shades to animals and water as much as possible. Treatment of diseased animals and proper disposal of carcasses.	Treatment of diseased animals and provide vitamin and mineral supplement to regain strength and vigour.

<sup>s</sup> based on forewarning wherever available

### 2.5.2 Poultry

	Suggested contingency measures			Convergence/linkages with ongoing programs, if any
	Before the event <sup>a</sup>	During the event	After the event	
<b>Drought</b>				
Shortage of feed ingredients	Storage of feed	Provide non conventional feed, supplement anti oxidant and anti stress		
Drinking water	Storage of water in tanks	Add vit-C and other anti stress ingredients with water		
Health and disease management	Regular vaccination	Vaccination and treatment of diseased one	Disposal of dead birds	

<sup>a</sup> based on forewarning wherever available

### 2.5.3 Fisheries/ Aquaculture

	Suggested contingency measures		
	Before the event <sup>a</sup>	During the event	After the event
<b>1. Drought</b>			
Aquaculture			
(i) Shallow water in ponds due to insufficient rains/inflow	Plough the pond and apply lime @ 250kg/ha	Reduce the stocking density from 25000 fry (1 inches size) to 10000-15000/ha	Remove the fishes of bigger size(0.5 kg)
(ii) Impact of salt load build up in ponds / change in water quality		Apply lime @ 50 kg on every 15-30 days. Aerate the water as per need	Apply lime as per need @ 50 kg/ha
<b>2. Heat wave and cold wave</b>			
Aquaculture			
(i) Changes in pond environment (water quality)	Reduce application of organic manure and supplementary feeds	Reduce/stop application of feed	Harvest the bigger fishes, reduce/stop application of supplementary feed. Apply lime @ 50 kg/ha and potassium permanganate in perforated plastic ball 5-10g in each ball
(ii) Health and Disease management	Apply lime	Apply lime/salt as per need	Apply lime/salt as per need.

<sup>a</sup> based on forewarning wherever available